### TARSNEY MAY BE REWARDED

The Discoverer of the Bald Pensioner Booked to Supercede Mr. Martin.

He Is Willing to Take the Lead in "Purging the Rolls and May Be Made Chairman of the House Committee on Pensions.

Treasury Reserve Stock of Gold Up to the \$100,000,000 Mark Again.

Large Shipments of Yellow Coin from Europe -Banks Unwilling to Decrease Their Currency by Cashing Pension Checks.

MARTIN MAY BE BOUNCED, Tarsney Likely to Be Chairman of the Com mittee on Invalid Pensions. .

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Aug. 2 .- The announcement is made, and apparently upon good authority, that Representative Martin, of Indiana, will be removed from the chairmanship of the House committee on invalid pensions. He is to be succeeded, according to report, by Mr. Tarsney, of Kanras City, who, although an ex-Union soldier, is sent to Congress by ex-confederates and pension-hating Democrats. Tarsney has expressed a willingness to lead the raid upon the pensions, and the work is to be entered upon as soon as the House repeals the silver purchasing law. The pension raid has been placed above the tariff for action and in importance by those making up the programme for legislation. With Holman removed from the chairmanship of appropriations and Martin relieved from pensions, Indiana will cut no figure in this Congress o far as committee chairman ships are conserned; but then Mr. Bynum is to be resained on the ways and means committee. It is expected that the eleven Democratic members of the House from Ohio will get together on Saturday and decide whether they will support Representative Yoder, of Lima, for re-election as Sergeant-at-arms. or Mr. Samuel E. Johnson, of Columbus, the Washington correspondent of the Ciuconnati Enquirer. Both claim to have a majority of one in the delegation. The candidate securing six members of the delegation will get the position, worth \$4,500 a year. Mr. Yoder appears to have lost most of his former popularity with Ohioans. The contest between the two Buckeye Democrats is the talk of Washington now. Yoder's "pull" hes in the fact that members of Congress have a soft side for their fellows when the latter are worn out with their constituents and are defeated for renomination or re-election. Each one wants to keep up the custom of distributing the patronage of Congress among its mem-

Representative Robertson, of Louisiana, in a response to a telegram, to-day received authority from Judge Holman to issue a call for a Democratic caucus to meet in the House of Representatives, Saturday, Aug. 5, at 8 o'clock. Members of Congress continue to come in very slowly, and there was some doubt expressed to-day as to whether there would be a majority of the Democrate in town in time for the caucus. There were to-night not more forty members of the lower house in the city, and less than a score of Senators. Among the latter, Senator Teller is the most recent arrival, and he comes fresh from the West ready to take up the fight for silver where he dropped it at close of the last session. He is emphatic in his opinion that the Sherman law cannot be repealed, at least without some substitute, and says that some months will elapse before the law is wiped

from the books. Mr. Teller lays the whole trouble at the doors of the bankers, who, he says, for the purpose of forcing an issue of bonds and creating a sentiment favorable to the repeal of the Sherman act, worked up a general scare and sought to establish a general feeling of distrust. Senator Harris said to-day that the Senate finance committee was ready to work on the subject at a moment's notice. His personal views as to the result of the attempt to repeal the law he refused to give, but he added that everybody knew he was a friend of silver as a money metal. Mr. Harris and Senator Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, had a long conference yesterday, during which it is supposed they mapped out a plan for the work of that committee.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

The Treasury Reserve Stock of Gold Intact

Again-Receipts Falling Off. WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.-For the first time since April 20, 1893, when the gold reserve fell below the \$100,000,000 mark, the reserve has been made intact. The gold in the treasury to-day, exclusive of that held as a basis for gold certificates, amounts to \$100,-791,370, or \$791,870 free gold. This gold has come into the United States from Europe, Mexico and the West Indies, much of it being the gold sent out from the United States during the late spring and early summer months. Information received here in treasury circles indicates that \$10,-000,000 in gold is now on its way from Europe to the United States, and most of this, it is said, will find its way, as usual, into the treasury. While the gold reserve. however, is intact, and free gold is climbing up, the treasury net balance is declining, the stated amount to-day being \$17,-251,000. Of this balance about \$12,000,000 is in national bank depositories and the baiance in subsidiary silver. The receipts, too, for the past few days have been disappointing, the business troubles throughout the country having an effect upon government revenues. These troubles are receiving the closest attention by treasury officials, and everything that can be done is being done to relieve the situation. Secretary Carlisle, though absent from the city, is in communication with the Treasury Department by wire, and to-day, after a conference, in New York, with eminent financiers, directed Acting Secretary Curtis to send the following telegram to the 150 national bank depositories throughout the United States: "Your authorized balance is hereby fixed at par of security. Transfer excess, whenever practicable, to nearest subtreasury."

This action of the Treasury Department will release to the banks about \$900,000. and it is interded, as far as practicable, to relieve the fir an cial stringency prevailing | House

Alum or other adulteration.

MOST PERFECT MADE.

partment of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., in a recent and elaborate

report of his examination of the leading baking powders of the

Country, found Dr. Price's not only the highest in strength but the

only Cream of Tartar Baking Powder entirely free from Ammonia,

The purity of this ideal powder has never been questioned.

PROF. PETER COLLIER, late Chemist in Chief of the De-

in the country. According to former regu-lations each depository back was permitted to hold government funds to the extent of from 90 to 95 per cent, of the United States bonds deposited to secure the same. This action of the treasury permits them to hold government funds to the par value of Three More Speculating Firms Crushed the government bonds on deposit, and it is believed will have the effect in a slight, degree, at least, of improving the financial

The circulation statement issued by the Treasury Department to-day shows that the amount of gold and silver coin certificates, United States notes and national bank notes in circulation Aug. 1 was \$1,611,099.170, an increase during the month of July of \$17,237,606. The increase during the last tweive months was, in round figures, \$9,000,000. The per capita circulation, based upon an estimated population of 67,066,000, Aug. 1, was \$24.02.

PENSION CHECKS.

Banks Are Unwilling to Cash Them Owing to the Scarcity of Currency.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Owing to the disinclination of the national banks of the country to part with their currency at this time it is probable that the pensioners who are to be paid this month will experience delay in receiving their money. The banks have heretofore cashed readily all pension checks presented, but now several banks in the West have notified the Treasury Department that, in view of the financial stringency, they do not feel justified in doing so at present. The doing so requires considerable ready money, in some instances \$100,000 a day. Acting Secretary Curtis has suggested to the banks that are not inclined to each these checks that if they will deposit United States bonds in exchange for currencey he will deposit the necessary currency with them to pay the pension checks on presentation. The banks are not favorably impressed with this idea. as their cashing of pension checks at all is simply a matter of convenience to the holders, and to go to the trouble of depositing bonds is an additional trouble that they don't wish to undertake. All of the banks have indicated a purpose to receive pension checks for collection only, and this will probably be the outcome of the present hitch. This will occasion from seven to ten day's delay. Pension checks paid at Indianapolis, Ind.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Louisville, and New York are drawn on the aubtreasury at New York; those at Philadelphia on the subtreasury at Philadelphia, and those at Topeka, Kan., on the subtreasury at St. Louis.

More Indiana Republicans Removed.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Aug. 2 .- Ten more fourthclass Indiana Republican postmasters were to-day superceded by as many Democrate. It is said that the changes for Indiana have nearly all been made. The State has certainly been given as much if not more attention by the headsman of this administration as has been accorded any other State. The appointments to-day are a follows: Dillsborough, Dearborn county, Frederick Girter, vice W. W. Wothrow, removed; Farmer's Retreat, Dearborn connty, H. Schnette, vice C. A. Opp, removed; Greenfork, Wayne county, A. K. Daugher-ty, vice A. M. Nicholson, removed; Kirklin, Clinton county, J. W. Purdum, vice F. M. Hollis, removed; Lost River, Martin county, J. H. Sherfick, vice Francisco Walters, resigned; Packerton, Kosciusko county, Josephine Scott, vice C. F. Scott, removed: Pierceville, Ripley county, Alexander Collins, vice J. N. Ward, removed; Silass, Blackford county, L. D. Templeton, vice M. C. Templeton, resigned; Tangier, Parke county, C. H. Wimmer, vice W. K. Parent, removed; Wakeland, Morgan county, M. A. Ground, vice John Wingler, resigned.

Secretary Carlisle at New York. NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—This afternoon Secretary Carlisle lunched with Subtreasurer Jordan and ex-Secretary Fairchild at the Lawyers' Club, in the Equitable Building. Later he visited the subtreasury and the custom house. He met no bankers, and said that he had no opinion to express on the financial situation or the probable action of Congress. Asked what he thought of the action of the national banks in arranging for a new issue of notes, he replied that the result would be a very welcome relief to the situation both here and elsewhere. He added that personally he was in favor of allowing national panks to issue circulation to the par value of the bonds deposited as security. There was no likelihood of any action by Congress on that point at the extra session. however, as its time would doubtless be fully occupied with consideration of the special subject for which it had been called. He intended to make no recommendations to Congress unless he should be requested to do so. The Secretary, at 5 o'clock, took the Fall River boat en route for Gray Gables.

The President Will Return Saturday. BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., Aug. 2 .- Nothing has occurred here to-day worthy of especial note. All arrangements for the President's return to Washington have been perfected. he President, with Secretary Carlisle, Secretary Lamont and possibly others, will leave here Friday afternoon and take the steamer Puritan at Fall River. On arriving at New York Saturday morning they will be conveyed to Jersey City, where a special car will be in waiting to take them to Washington.

General Notes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.-Gov. Matthews is posted as one of the chief executives of various States who will attend the Capitol centennial celebration, which will be held

A. B. Brikel and son, of Terre Haute, are at the Howard. One hundred and forty-nine thousand

ounges of silver were offered for sale at the Treasury Department to-day, at prices ranging from 71.35 to 71.50 cents per ounce, all of which were declined and 70.90 offered. Burned in an Evil Resort.

HILLSBORO, Tex., Aug. 2.—Early this morning the house of Hattie Rogers was burned down. Mand Webb, an inmate, was roasted to death, and the proprietress, Hattie Rogers, and her companion, Joe Chenuba, were fatally burned. Five other inmates were seriously burned.

HAVE Beecham's Pills ready in the house-

FAMILIES visiting New York will find the Madison Avenue H del, 58th street and Madison avenue, a most delightf I home. Now under the management of Mr. H. M. Clark, formerly of the Murray Hill and Hoffman House. Single rooms and en suite at moderate terms. Reference, by permission, Louis Reibold, of the Bates

FAILURES AT

in the Mess Pork Corner Collapse.

Suspension of Charles B. Eggleston & Co., George Parker & Co. and Thomas Greig Announced on the Board of Trade.

Hon. Charles Foster's Account in His Fostoria Bank Overdrawn \$136,000.

Daily List of Business Reverses-New York Bankers Disposed to Keep Their Currency-Many Industries Curtailing Operations.

MORE VICTIMS OF THE "CORNER."

Failure of C. B. Eggleston & Co., George Parker & Co. and Thomas Greig. CHICAGO, Aug. 2.-The failure of three more big brokerage firms was announced on the Board of Trade to-day, all being due to the collapse of the mess-pork corner yesterday. The firms unable to meet their liabilities were C. B. Eggleston & Co., George Parker & Co. and Thomas Greig. Besides dealing in provisions, Eggleston was one of the largest grain carriers in the country. "Sandy," as he is almost universally known, was one of the leading figures in the Kershaw failure that resulted from the collapse of the Harper "corner" six years ago. On that occasion he lost \$864.000 cash trying to save a \$25,000 special partnership interest in the Kershaw concern. He had same money left, however, and a wife worth \$1,500,000. Being one of the best-posted men in the trade in the intricacies of the grain and provision carbusiness, and, having the confidence of the banks, he went into that line of business on a very extensive scale and is supposed to have made back nearly all he lost through Kershaw and Harper. Eggleston himself refuses to make any statement of his affairs for publication, but it is generally believed by those in touch with him that he has put about \$500,000 back in the game, and that Eggleston & Co. may be in the gap for \$500,000, spread out all over the floor. How much of that is protected by margins cannot be ascertained to a certainty for several days. Eggleston & Co. acted as a clearing house for a dozen or more active, hustling brokers who did not have the means to swing their trades. The failure leaves them high and dry, and may embarrass them considerably.

Parker & Co. had nearly \$500,000 in cash in this business, and the house was regarded as one of the soundest on the Board of Trade. "I do not know how I stand." said George Parker. "I only know that I got caught in the gap for more money than I could raise, and I had to lie down. I considered myself as sound as the Bank of England yesterday. To-day I am broke. I had a big line of provisions on my books, and my principals were unable to respond to margin calls. That left me to stand the racket alone, and I was not strong enough

"Were your principals Cudaby, Fairbanks or Wright?"

"All of them." Thomas Greig is a Scotchman, and well thought of, but he has never had any great trade. He was long of pork athigh figures. The habilities of the Cudshy-Fairbanks-Wright combination, as report represented by closed-out trades on 'Change to-day, are estimated at \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000 over and above their margin deposits. The Cudahy Packing Company, it seems, is not involved in the failure of John Cudshy, and it is given out as a trade half secret that he sacrificed his interest in the concern and also in the Cudahy Packing Company of Milwaukee to raise money to carry on his speculations, his brothers buying him out. On application of Charles B. Eggleston, secretary and treasurer of the D. Egglesten & Son Company, in the Superior Court, George C. Ladear was appointed receiver for the concern. The liabilities are placed at \$500,000, which the petitioner said could not be met, owing to the disturbed condilargely indebted to the Eggleston company. A. W. Wright, the provision operator, made an assignment in the county court to William W. Catlin. No particulars were set out and no reference made to assets and liabilities. C. S. Darrow, Wright's attorney, who filed the deed of assignment, said that to his knowledge the assignor had no realty possessions. Wright was estimated to be worth \$750,000 to \$1,000,000 a year ago. This is all believed to have been absorbed in the gigantic deal in pork which he was

manipulating when his resources were exhausted. The North American Provision Company bacher. While roughly estimating its assets at \$500,000, more than \$75,000 of this amount is owed by John Cudahy, who also yielded to the crisis of Monday. The assignee, however, counts the Cudahy claim good. Including this claim the company has assets of about \$500,000.

Cudahy's Louisville Property Attached. Louisville, Ky., Ang. 2. - Attachment suits, aggregating nearly \$250,000, were filed here to-day against John Cudahy. the Chicago millionaire, who went down in the pork crash yesterday. day. The first suit was filed by Nelson Morris & Co., of Chicago. It was for \$21. 472.50, on an open account, and a general attachment was asked and granted. Shortly after the filing of this suit the Louisville Packing Company, of which John Cudahy is president, filed suit against Cudahy for \$217,284 60. This was for money loaned and expended, and a general attachment against Cudahy's Louisville interests was taken out. A deed of trust made Oct. 2 1892, by John Cudshy and wife to the Columbia Trust Company, of this city, was filed to-day and recorded. The consideration is \$1, and the property covered embraces nine pieces of unimproved property in the east end of the city. Cudahy organized the Louisville Packing Company in 1891, with a capital stock of \$750,000. He is the principal stockholder and is now president of the company.

OVERDREW HIS ACCOUNT. Charles Foster Charged with Getting \$136, 000 More from His Bank Than He Had. FOSTORIA, O., Aug. 2.—The statements of Mr. Gormley, assignes for Hon. Charles Foster and Foster & Co., show that Mr. Foster had overdrawn his personal account to the amount of \$136,000. On being asked for a statement, Mr. Foster admitted the overdraft of his account, which he accounts for in the fact of large investments in Fostoria. He admits that he has suffered loss in other directions. The statement of his personal affairs will show that he has now more than \$100,000 of his own securities pledged for the indorsements of the bank. He courts any investigation that can be made. and assures his friends that nothing can be developed inconsistent with the character for integrity he has always borne.

Other Business Troubles. NEW YORK, Aug. 2 .- William Sulsbacher and Henry Gitterman, composing the firm of Sulzbacher, Gittermann & Wade, importers of woolens, made an assignment today, without preferences, to Martin H. Lehmacher. The business is an old established one, having been founded in 1856. The attorneys for the firm estimate the liabilities at \$320,000 for merchandise, borrowed money and discount. The nomiral value of the assets is equal to the liabil-

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Three national bank failures were reported to Controller Eckels as having closed their doors to business this morning. viz.: The El Paso National Bank, of El Paso, Tex., capital, \$150,
1000; the First National Bank, of Birmingham, Ala., capital \$250,000, and the Wanpace County National Bank, of Wanpaca
county. Wisconsin, capital \$50,000. The
Birmingham and El Paso banks carried

1. The Pierpont Manufactu
of Bedford, Mass., manufactu
duced its running time to
day and four days a week.

The Woonsockett, R. L. p
ly Falls company, engaged quite a heavy line of individual deposits.

of the Toronto Pottery Company, as the stockholders in the bank are stockholders in the pottery. J. M. McClave has been appointed receiver. Assets, \$90,000; liabilities nearly the same.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Amass Lyon and Company, of this city, manufacturers of umbrellas, have become unable to meet maturing obligations, and Sylvester J. O'Sullivan, the treasurer, has been appointed receiver of the company. The liabilities are \$121,410. The company has a capital stock

ELYRIA, O., Aug. 2.—The Loraine Manufacturing Company has filed a deed of assignment to A. St. J. Newberry, of Cleveland. Estimated liabilities, \$105,000; assets, \$192,500. This company had the largest brass works in the country, and employed about six hundred men.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 2.—The First National Bank did not open its doors this morning. A notice says all depositors will be paid in full. Inability to realize was

DENVER. Col., Aug. 2.—F. W. Zopple was to-day appointed receiver for the Hamilton Loan and Trust Company, of this city, on the application of Samuel E. Belcher and

WAUPACA, Wis., Aug. 2.—The Wanpaca County National Bank closed its doors this morning. The general belief is that depositors will be paid in full. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 2.-W. Frese & Co., general importers, have filed a petition in insolvency. Total liabilities, \$144,000; as-

sets, \$100,000.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 2.—An application has been made for the appointment of a receiver for the Butler silk mills, of Paterson. CHICAGO, Aug. 2.-Adam Smith & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, assigned to-day. Assets, \$150,000; liabilities \$125,000. CHICAGO, Ang. 2.-The Vessel Owners Supply Company made an assignment to-

Boise, ida., Aug. 2.-The First National Bank of Nampa failed yesterday.

SITUATION AT NEW YORK. Boom on the Stock Exchange-A Row with

the Banks of Chicago. NEW YORK, Aug. 2.-The revulsion of feeling, as expressed on to-day's stock market, was of exceptional violence. The advances in prices were as extreme as were the declines on the gloomiest Wild excitement prevailed in the Exchange in the last hour. shorts that remained uncovered were upable to procure stocks, and bid over each other without reaching offers. In the last half bour, the traders short of Western Union, finding themselves unable to obtain stock, defaulted on their deliveries and they were brought in under the rules at a difference against them of 1% per cent., compared with sales made on the floor. In all parts of the room it appeared that the short interest was being cornered, and in the last half hour the bears were veritably panic stricken.

Regarding the Chicago produce failures, there was an almost universal feeling down town that a great load had been lifted off the markets. The cheerfulness and even congratulation with which the collapse was discussed on the Produce Exure. A good deal was said of the disputes factional differences which were thought to have existed among the Chicago

The chief drawback to the general good feeling prevailing in financial circles today was the condition of affairs in Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston. In Boston, New York exchange is at a discount of \$15 per \$1,000, and currency cannot be obtained in that city for less, even for checks

on Boston Banks. The loan committee of the clearing house issued \$800,000 certificates to-day. Thesubtreasury was debtor at the clearing house this morning \$268,000, and that amount was paid in gold, the associated banks beinge in a reckless fashion. A card in the pocket the gainers thereby of specie to that amount. The sub-treasury was busy this morning giving out currency in exchange for gold certificates. It also paid out about about \$200,000 in gold over the counter on government checks up to midday.

Referring, to-day, to the statement made in Chicago that the banks of that city could not get currency from New York and that New York exchange is selling at a big discount in Chicago, a well-known banker said: "It is a matter of fact that the New York banks have lent large amounts of money to Chicago banks, which money is still owing to New York tion of the market and the further fact | by Chicago. On the other hand, that a number of the dealers who have Chicago banks have remitted to been closed out in the recent panic were New York banks a considerable amount of checks for collection, which checks were drawn on banks all over the Eastern States. The New York banks bave been unable to collect these checks in enrrency and have refused, in most cases, to credit them to the Chicago banks, except with the understanding that they were merely subject to be drawn on in the regular course of business through the clearing house and would be remitted in currency. New York banks are willing and ready to credit Chicago banks with any checks collectable in currency, to be paid in return over to the Chicago banks promptly when wanted in made an assignment to Julius Schwa- currency, but they naturally and wisely refuse to part with their currency to aid the collection business of Chicago financial

institutions by remitting cash against country balances." A dispatch from London says: "The North German Lloyd steamer Spree, which sailed to-day from Southampton for New York, has on board £850,000 in gold consigned to American houses. The White Star line steamer Majestic, which left Liverpool to-day for New York, took £350,000, a total of \$6,000,000 shipped to-day. Further shipments will be made on Saturday. Three million, one hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars was withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day to be sent to the

United States." IN A BAD STATE.

Fall River Factories Cannot Get Money from Banks to Pay Their Employes.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 2.—The mill situation has reached the strangest condition ever known in the history of the local cotton industry. This morning several treasurers of mills received notices from their banks that there was difficulty in paying checks in currency. Substantially, the notices say that the banks will hereafter honor no checks in money, but will endeavor, as far as possible, to take care of deposits already made. The effect of this action will be widespread, and may call for a total suspension of operations oa the part of the mills. Treasurers who are receiving checks daily from Boston, New York and Philadelphia will find them of no value in procuring currency to pay wages. Some of the mills that repay their help this week, but they now see no prospect of paying them next week. They could pay them in checks that would be honored at the grocery stores and banks, but they are not likely to adopt such a policy. Some treasurers say they will ask their help to work along until such time as the banks can procure small bills and change enough to meet the wants of the weekly pay rolls. Others say that they see no way out of the difficulty except in a shut down, which involves violation of contracts. The banks having numbers of small traders among their depositors are faring very well, and they will have no trouble for two or three weeks at lesst. To-day a large portion of the American linen mill is shut down. Rumors are rife to the effect that the Laurel Lake mills will shut down in a short while, as soon as their present contracts are closed. City Treasurer Bright-man has succeeded in raising \$70,000 among citizens on short loans for city purposes.

Industrial and Labor Notes. The Chelsea jute mills, of Brooklyn, were closed yesterday for an indefinite period. Eight hundred skilled operators were thrown out of employment.

The works of the American Rubber Company at Cambridgeport. Mass., have closed down for two weeks. This action throws 1,700 operatives out of employment. The Pierpont Manufacturing Company,

of Bedford, Mass., manufacturers of silverplate ware, employing 550 people, has reduced its running time to eight hours a

The Woonsockett, R. I., plant of the Vally Falls company, engaged in the manufacture of colored cotton dress goods and run-STEUBENVILLE, O., Aug. 2.—The suspen-sion of the Terento (O.) Banking Company, pay roll of \$1.000, has shut down for an in-resterday, has precipitated the suspension | definite period owing to lack of market for

the goods The same company's mills at Valley Falls, running 1,500 looms and employing six hundred hands, also shut down. The Mentheun (Mass.) Knitted Fabrics Company, employing lifty hands, have issned notice that the works will close on Saturday for a month.

Russell & Co., of Massillon, O., agricul-tural and engine works, employing eight hundred men, will close for an indefinite period about Aug. 10, on account of the un-

The Methuen (Mass.) cotton mills will suspend operations on Saturday for one month. Three hundred operatives will be out of employment and will suffer a loss of \$12,000, the amount of the monthly pay roll. The shut-down is ascribed to the financial

The receiver of the American Tube and Iron Company, at Middletown, Pa., has posted a circular in the mills announcing that a portion of the men will be put to work Monday, Aug. 6. The circular also states that the salaries of officers, clerks, foremen and all employes, with a few exceptions, will be reduced 10 per cent. The reduction will take effect at the Middle-town mills at once and the Youngstown (O.) mill on Aug. 6.

AN OLD FARMER BUNCOED.

He Meets Two Jovial Fellows at the Union Station and They Do the Rest.

Among the many tales of distress listened

to by the telephone sergeant on duty at police headquarters yesterday was the story of an Illinois farmer, over fifty years of age, and staggering under a load of liquor accumulated in night with "some of the boys," as he expressed it. The old man had been robbed, and so dazed were his faculties it was with difficulty his name could be learned. He is a farmer of much prominence near Bloomfield, Ill., and be was en route to Merrifield, O., to vie't some members of his family who reside there. Through the courtesy of the Big Four railroad, whose line runs through the land owned by the aged farmes, he left his home Tuesday morning with a round-trip pass in his pocket. He had \$10 when he reached the Union Station about 11 o'clock Tuesday night. He had some time to await the departure of the east-bound train, and while loafing about the station unfortunately fell in with several very jovial young fellows. These gentlemen agreed to pilot the agriculturist about the city and chose the South Side. At Hurley's saloon, corner of Tennessee and Garden streets, the party separated, and the Illinois guest, much the worse for the trip, started ont into the street alone. He had traversed but a short distance when two men whom he had never seen approached him, and while one of the fellows patted the stranger on the back in an affectionate way the other extracted his pocketbook containing the money and his railroad pass. Shorn of his wallet and pass the victim hovered about the place until daylight, when one of the employes of the saloon voinnteered to show him the way to police headquarters. It is stated by the man who accompanied the farmer that Hurley's bartender knew the names of the men who had committed the robbery. Detective Pat Doherty was detailed to run the case down. The victim left the station house with the remark that he would spend every dollar he possessed to send the thieves to the penitentiary.

Story of a Boarder's Trunk. One day last week patrolmen Alberts and Steinrock found a trunk in the vicinity of Louisiana street and the Big Four railroad. It had been broken open and its contents scattered over the railroad track of one of the garments lying on the ground contained the name of Harry Arndt, No. 2606 Wentworth avenue, Chicago. The plunder was brought to the police station and yesterday was identified by a Mrs. Hattie, who keeps a boarding house at No. 140 South East street. She stated that the trunk belong to Arndt, who some time ago left it with her in default of a board bill. and went to Chicago. The day after the owner's departure some one carried the trunk out of the house, and after searching it for valuables dumped the contents into the street, where they were found by the

Order of United American Mechanics. A council of the Order of United American Mechanics was organized in this city. last evening, with over forty charter members. The meeting was held in the K. of P. hall, on East Washington street. S. M. Hagans, special deputy national conneilor, of Uhrichsville, O., was present and exemplified the work. This order was organized in Philadelphia, in 1845, and is an American beneficial organization.

Fred Townsley Is Missing. Fred Townsley, a fourteen-year-old lad of good address and polite manners, has strayed from his home at No. 358 Broad way. The boy disappeared on last Mouday, attired in a nest suit of clothes, tan shoes and broad-brimmed straw hat. His family are necessarily much distressed over his unexplained absence, and have implored the assistance of the police in tracing

Marriage Licenses. Marriage licenses were issued vesterday to Thadeus S. Gurley and Paulina V. Bezz. Charles Kleis and Alice Montgomery, Edward C. Libking and Minnie L. Kaska. Herman Hess and Eunice Conn. Charles C. Off and Clara Kruger, Robert Curry and Kittle Thompson.

James Scudder's Assault. James Sondder, engineer at the Gardner refrigerator, was arrested, last night, by patrolmen Thorn and Crannen, on the charge of assault and battery. The arrest was made on a warrant sworn out by Mary Miller, a resident of the vicinity of Greenlawn Cemetery.

# The Cook

Many nice delicacies are often spoiled by the abominable flavorings used in them, and generally their having been spoiled is attributed to the cook. Now if

> Flavoring Extracts Orange Rose, etc.

are used, cooks will not be unjustly blamed; nice dishes will not be spoiled, as they always impart the delicate fresh-fruit flavor in whatever they are used. It is economy for the poorest to use the best.

W E are Ripping Prices in two. To-day we place on sale over 1,000 men's all-wool

FROCK SUITS

\$10 Suits go for -\$15 Suits go for \$20 Suits go for - \$10.00

Every dollar you have got will buy two dollars' worth of clothing at the

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125 North Delaware St. TELEPHONE 564.

T OST-\$30 ON PENNSYLVANIA OR WASH.

WA TED-MALE HELP WANTED - RESP NSIBLE EXPERIENCED Call Room 1, Mansur Block, Alabama and Wash, sts.

WANTED-COOK - A THOROUGHLY BELI able man to do meat and pastry work. Apply at once, stating wages. NEWMAN & KEMP, Wabash, Ind. WANTED - \$1,000 to \$5,000 IN A MANU. facturing business that will pay 60 per cent. Full investigation requested, Address P. O. Box 784 Marion, Ind.

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A NNOUNCEMENT—PROPESSOR A. B. WIN-termute, a mind-reader of past, present and fu-ture. General business consultation. Office—760 North Illinois street, Indianapolis, Ind. Office hours, 8a. m. to 9 p. m. CLAIRVOVANT.

CALL-SEE MADAME MAY, CLAIRVOYANT.

Moved to 21 North New Jersey street. CLAIRVOYANT-GYPSY ZORA, RELIABLE Clairvoyant and Palmist, can be consulted on all affairs of life, Rooms 94 Massachusetts avenue.

NOTICE. To WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: THE FIRM of Shute & Tyner has this day been dissolved by mutual consent—H. L. Shute continuing and paying and collecting all debts; R. F. Tyner retiring. Subscribed and sworn to, this July 19, 1898. JAMES JOHNSON

FINA CIAL Par for Failed Bank Deposits. We will accept at one hundred cents on the dollar, deposits in the failed banks of Indianapolis, except one, in payment for clear real estate in Chicago and vicinity, Address, stating bank and amount, for par-ticulars, E. & J. D. & Co., 409 Chamber of Com-

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